

Summary of Yom Teruah & The Work of Yeshua

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Yom Teruah & The Work of Yeshua

1. Significance and Observance of Yom Teruah

- Yom Teruah (the Day of Blowing/Shouting) is approaching, traditionally starting Monday night according to the Hebrew calendar.
- The host follows the calendar aligned with Israel and notes that diaspora communities often celebrate Yom Teruah over two days due to the time it took for the new moon announcement to spread in ancient times.
- Yom Teruah is a biblical command (Leviticus 23:23-25) for all covenant members in Yeshua (Jesus), both Jews and Gentiles grafted into the covenants of Israel.
- It's a time of rest, remembrance (zikaron), gathering, rejoicing, and blowing the shofar (ram's horn/trumpet) as a memorial of the goodness and faithfulness of Yahweh (God).
- The holiday is not burdensome but an opportunity for unity and empowerment among believers.
- Traditions vary, but celebrations should honor Yahweh and not contradict Torah.

2. Connection to the Binding of Isaac (Genesis 22)

- During Yom Teruah, it is traditional to read the account of Abraham's near-sacrifice of Isaac.
- The binding of Isaac prefigures the Messiah: the ram provided as a substitute is a symbol for Yeshua, who would later offer Himself for humanity.
- The story illustrates the importance of faithful obedience (emunah) in relationship with God, emphasizing that faith must be accompanied by action.

- The blowing of the shofar (ram's horn) during Yom Teruah recalls the ram in Isaac's story and the call to remember God's faithfulness and redemption.

3. The Work of Yeshua on the Cross and First Peter Chapter 2

- The discussion moved to 1 Peter 2, focusing on how Yeshua bore the sins of Israel in His body on the cross.
- Contextual analysis shows Peter was primarily addressing the Jewish people, especially those in the diaspora, calling them to turn from disobedience and walk in righteousness.
- The "bearing of sins" is explained as Yeshua enduring unjust suffering and the consequences of the nation's sin, not as a substitutionary atonement in the pagan sense, but as a fulfillment of Torah and the path to healing and redemption.
- The cross is presented as a source of healing, redemption, and victory over death, not as a punitive act by God but as a display of love and faithfulness.
- Listeners are encouraged to remember and memorialize Yeshua's work, especially during Yom Teruah, and to walk in faithfulness and obedience.

4. Clarification on False Teachings and Community Engagement

- The host warned against false teachings, specifically predictions about the rapture and hyper-grace doctrines that separate faith from obedience.
- Emphasized the need for balanced teaching and consistent engagement with scripture in context.
- Encouraged viewers to subscribe to the channel, participate in community celebrations, and continue studying and walking in the ways of Yeshua.

5. Questions and Community Interaction

- Addressed questions on the meaning of bearing sin, the relationship between faith and works, and the significance of the cross.
- Clarified that while forgiveness is possible without blood, redemption from death came only through Yeshua's victory.
- Encouraged ongoing examination of scripture in its context and invited further interaction in future live streams.

Decisions and Action Plans

- Host plans to resume regular teachings and live streams, especially around the biblical holidays.
- Intends to invite guests (e.g., Rabbi Mitch Chapman) for future segments.
- Encouraged viewers to study the appointed times, participate in their observance, and share the teachings with others.

Language

- The summary is in English.